SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (with required supplementary and additional supplementary information)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education of the School District of the City of East Lansing

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of School District of the City of East Lansing, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise School District of the City of East Lansing's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of School District of the City of East Lansing, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of School District of the City of East Lansing and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 12 to the financial statements, in 2022 the District adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about School District of the City of East Lansing's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- > Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of School District of the City of East Lansing's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about School District of the City of East Lansing's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise School District of the City of East Lansing's basic financial statements. The accompanying additional supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the additional supplementary information, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 15, 2022 on our consideration of School District of the City of East Lansing's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of School District of the City of East Lansing's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering School District of the City of East Lansing's internal control over financial reporting and compliance and compliance of the City of East Lansing's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance.

Maney Costerisan PC

September 15, 2022



The School District of the City of East Lansing is a Pre K-12 public school district located in Ingham and Clinton Counties, Michigan. The Management's Discussion and Analysis

(MD&A) is intended to be the School District of the City of East Lansing's management's review of financial performance for the year ended June 30, 2022. The MD&A is recommended to be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements. Prior year information is provided for comparative analysis.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The governmentwide financial statements provide information about the *governmental activities* of the entire District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a long-term view of those finances. The fund financial statements provide information about how *governmental funds* were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending and looks at the District's operations by providing information about the District's most significant funds and with all other funds presented in one column as "nonmajor funds". The fiduciary funds statements present financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as an agent for the benefit of mostly student groups. The required supplemental information provide budget to actual comparisons of the general fund. The remaining statements are provided for additional analysis.

Government-wide Financial Statements - Reporting the School District as a Whole

In the business arena a commonly asked question is, "is the entity as a whole better or worse off financially as a result of the year's activities?" The <u>Statement of Net Position</u> and the <u>Statement of Activities</u> report financial information about the District as a whole and its activities in a way that helps the reader answer this question. These statements are prepared using the full accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting method used by most private-sector companies. They report all of the District's assets, deferred outflows, deferred inflows and liabilities, both short and long-term, and all of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. These two statements report the District's net position (the difference between assets, deferred outflows, deferred inflows and liabilities), as reported in the Statement of Net Position, as one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position.

Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position, as reported in the Statement of Activities, is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenues and expenses is the District's operating results. However, the District's goal is to provide educational services to students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other non-financial factors, such as the quality of the education provided and the safety of the schools to assess the overall health of the District.

The governmental-wide financial statements report the governmental activities of the District, which encompass all of the District's services. Local property taxes, state per pupil foundation allowance, and state and federal grants finance the majority of these activities.



Fund Financial Statements - Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds of the District not the District as a whole. Certain funds are required to be established by State law or by bond covenants. Other funds are created in order to help control and manage their activities. The fund level statements of the District use an accounting method called modified accrual basis. Only those assets that are "measurable" and "currently available" are reported. Liabilities are recognized to the extent they are normally expected to be paid with current financial resources.

All of the District's services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows in and out of funds and the balances remaining at year-end that are available for appropriation. Governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the operations of the District and the services it provides. The information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's educational programs. Differences between governmental activities, as reported in the government-wide statements, and governmental funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are presented in a reconciliation statement.

Fiduciary Statements - Reporting the School District's Trustee Responsibility

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its custodial funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are aggregated and reported in the <u>Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position</u>. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.



The School District as a Whole - Summary of Net position

The <u>Statement of Net Position</u> provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The following schedule summarizes the net position as of June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021:

	2022	2021*	
ASSETS			
Current and other assets	\$ 30,475,637	\$ 36,490,702	
Noncurrent assets	140,923,230	139,071,142	
TOTAL ASSETS	171,398,867	175,561,844	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS			
Deferred charge on refunding	605,107	680,745	
Related to other postemployment benefits	4,831,519	5,863,295	
Related to pensions	11,852,794	16,251,099	
-			
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	17,289,420	22,795,139	
LIABILITIES Current liabilities	0 520 007	0 4 2 6 4 1 4	
Noncurrent liabilities	8,530,897 111,576,459	9,426,414 116,564,050	
Notice in the national sector is a sector of the s	3,340,181	11,616,267	
Net pension liability	51,430,885	73,813,387	
Net pension hability	51,450,005	/ 5,015,507	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	174,878,422	211,420,118	
DEFERRED INFLOWS			
Related to other postemployment benefits	12,776,341	9,143,931	
Related to pensions	17,333,598	1,101,037	
Related to unavailable revenue - leases	104,422	-	
Related to state aid funding for pension	3,297,117	2,823,374	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS	33,511,478	13,068,342	
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	34,062,931	34,206,802	
Restricted for food service	397,106		
Restricted for capital projects	2,708,950	3,430,006	
Unrestricted	(56,870,600)	(63,768,285)	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (19,701,613)	\$ (26,131,477)	

*The 2021 figures have not been updated for the adoption of GASB 87



Analysis of Financial Position

The District's net position as of June 30, 2022 totaled (\$19,701,613) which was an increase over the June 30, 2021 balance of \$6,429,864. A few of the more significant factors affecting net position during the year are discussed below:

Depreciation Expense

The District is required to maintain a record of annual depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation. The net increase in accumulated depreciation is a reduction in net position.

The District records depreciation expense on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. In accordance with GAAP, depreciation expense is calculated based on the original cost of the asset less an estimated salvage value, when applicable. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the following was recorded as depreciation expense:

	2022			2021		
Land improvements	\$	995,832	\$	835,408		
Building and improvements		4,385,723		3,573,764		
Furniture and equipment		640,512		563,314		
Vehicles		27,775		25,483		
Total	\$	6,049,842	\$	4,997,969		

One approach of interpreting depreciation expense is that in order to maintain net position at a constant level the District would have to capitalize assets equal to the annual depreciation expense. However, when taking into consideration factors such as, inflation and repairs and maintenance, the actual investment in capital outlay would have to exceed the depreciation expense in order to maintain assets at the same level of value and functionality.

Capital Outlay Acquisition

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, \$9,299,147 of expenditures were capitalized and recorded as assets of the District. These additions to the District's capital assets are depreciated over time as explained above.

The net effect of capital asset additions, deletions, and the current year's depreciation expense is an increase to capital assets in the amount of \$1,852,088 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Long-Term Obligations

The District's total general long-term debt for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 decreased by \$4,987,591.



Results of Operations

The results of this year's operations for the School District as a whole are reported in the <u>Statement of</u> <u>Activities</u>, which shows the changes in net position.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, the District-wide results of operation were:

	2022	% of Total	2021*	% of Total
REVENUES				
General revenues Property taxes, levied for general operations	\$ 10,586,520	17.4	\$ 10,223,949	17.8
Property taxes, levied for debt service	\$ 10,380,320 8,977,667	17.4	\$ 10,223,949 8,909,533	17.8
Property taxes, levied for sinking fund	1,233,155	2.0	1,221,644	2.1
Investment earnings	6,401	-	29,370	0.1
State sources	21,251,480	34.9	21,077,554	36.7
County special education allocation	5,222,577	8.6	4,396,837	7.7
Other	353,609	0.6	450,197	0.8
Total general revenues	47,631,409	78.2	46,309,084	80.7
Program revenues				
Charges for services	108,099	0.2	135,194	0.2
Operating grants and contributions	13,237,552	21.6	11,017,406	19.1
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 60,977,060	100.0	\$ 57,461,684	100.0
FUNCTION/PROGRAM EXPENSES				
Instruction	\$ 24,745,498	45.4	\$ 27,002,794	48.4
Support services	15,518,600	28.4	16,353,633	29.3
Community services	12,599	-	65,637	0.1
Food services	1,781,289	3.3	1,255,818	2.3
Student/school activities	313,201	0.5	104,659	0.1
Interest on long-term debt	4,728,950	8.7	5,009,824	9.0
Loss on disposal of capital assets	1,397,217	2.6	979,206	1.8
Unallocated depreciation	6,049,842	11.1	4,997,969	9.0
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$ 54,547,196	100.0	\$ 55,769,540	100.0

*The 2021 figures have not been updated for the adoption of GASB 87.



Significant revenues and expenditures are discussed in the segments below:

1. Property Taxes

The District levies various millages on property taxes for general operations, debt service, and building and site repairs. Each millage, except those for debt service, is subject to mandatory reductions as required by the Headlee Amendment. Under Michigan law, the taxable levy is based on the taxable valuation of properties. Annual taxable valuation increases are capped at the rate of the prior year's Consumer Price Index or 5%, whichever is less. At the time property is sold, its taxable valuation is readjusted to the State Equalized Value, which in theory is approximately 50% of the property's market value.

The District receives settlements from Ingham and Clinton counties on all outstanding *real* property taxes at the end of each fiscal year. The amount of unpaid *personal* property taxes at June 30, 2022 was approximately \$32,000, or 0.3% of the total general fund levy.

The following schedule summarizes the millages levied for the past five years.

Fiscal year	Non-PRE	All Property	All Property
	(comm. personal)	Debt	Sinking
	Operating	Service	Fund
	Mills Levied	Mills Levied	Mills Levied
2021 - 2022	$\begin{array}{c} 18.0000\\ 18.0000\\ 18.0000\\ 17.9795\\ 18.0000\end{array}$	6.8000	0.9990
2020 - 2021		7.0000	1.0000
2019 - 2020		6.5000	1.0000
2018 - 2019		7.0000	1.2770
2017 - 2018		7.0000	1.2804

2. State Sources

Per the State School Aid Act the State of Michigan funds school districts on a per pupil allowance based on a blended student enrollment. The blended enrollment consists of 90% of the current fiscal year's fall count (the first Wednesday of October) and 10% of the previous fiscal year's supplemental count (the second Wednesday of February). The District's per pupil allowance for fiscal year 2022 was \$8,700.

The following schedule summarizes the District's per pupil allowance over the past five years:

Fiscal Year	Per Pupil Allowance		\$ Increase (decrease) from Prior Year	
2021 - 2022 2020 - 2021 2019 - 2020 2018 - 2019 2017 - 2018	\$ 8,700 8,529 8,529 8,409 8,289	\$	171 - 120 120 60	

Non-resident pupils that attend the District via School of Choice (SOC) program are funded at the per pupil allowance of their resident district. The majority of the District's SOC pupils are funded at a lower per pupil amount than the \$8,700 the District receives for its resident pupils.



3. Student Enrollment

The following schedule summarizes the blended enrollment for each of the past five fiscal years:

Fiscal Year	Actual Blended Student FTE	FTE Change from Prior Year	
2021 - 2022	3,639	(53)	
2020 - 2021	3,692	1	
2019 - 2020	3,691	102	
2018 - 2019	3,589	(23)	
2017 - 2018	3,612	(11)	

4. County Special Education Allocation

The District receives an allocation, based on a funding system, from Ingham Intermediate School District to assist with the education of students with special needs. For the fiscal year June 30, 2022 ended the District received \$3,343,513. This amount represents an increase of \$292,991 over the prior fiscal year.



5. Expenditure Comparison By Function

The following schedule provides a comparison of fund expenditures for fiscal years 2021 - 2022 and 2020 - 2021:

Function	2021 - 2022 Fiscal Year	%	2020 - 2021 Fiscal Year	%
Basic programs	\$ 21,824,436	46.8	\$ 19,579,825	47.2
Special education	4,882,382	10.5	4,080,996	9.8
Compensatory education	1,748,549	3.8	1,791,454	4.3
Total instruction	28,455,367	61.1	25,452,275	61.3
Dunil augment convises	2 5 6 2 00 1	7.7	2 222 200	7.0
Pupil support services	3,562,891		3,222,288	7.8 5.7
Instructional staff support services School administration	3,001,823	6.5	2,380,635	
School administration	2,779,311	6.0	2,770,590	6.7
Total instructional support	9,344,025	20.2	8,373,513	20.2
	462.020	1.0	440 (07	1 1
General administration	463,938	1.0	440,697	1.1
Business office	541,018	1.2	598,169	1.4
Operations and maintenance	4,274,750	9.2	3,942,416	9.5
Pupil transportation	1,557,708	3.4	1,005,074	2.4
Central	968,127	2.1	934,255	2.2
Athletics	828,519	1.8	722,308	1.7
Community services	12,599		65,637	0.2
Total general fund	46,446,051	100.0	41,534,344	100.0
Food service fund	2,054,181		1,283,483	
Student/school activities	313,201		104,659	
Debt service funds	8,791,847		8,921,054	
Sinking funds	1,296,447		302,150	
2017 Capital projects fund	660,564		4,553,038	
2020 Capital projects fund	7,006,762		15,530,085	
2012 Capital projects fund	146,652		391,844	
Total	\$ 66,715,705		\$ 72,620,657	



General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Uniform Budget Act of the State of Michigan requires that the local Board of Education adopt the original budget for the upcoming fiscal year prior to the start of the fiscal year on July 1. Amendments made to the original budgets must be adopted by the Board of Education prior to the close of the fiscal year on June 30.

The District budgets according to the Michigan School Accounting Manual Bulletin 1022. It is standard practice to amend its budget semi-annually, usually December and May.

The following schedule shows a five-year comparison of the general fund revenue and other financing sources final budget versus actual results:

	Revenues and Other Financing Sources					
Fiscal Year	Budget	Budget Actual V				
2021 - 2022	\$ 48,346,194	\$ 48,807,447	0.95%			
2020 - 2021	46,638,091	46,947,587	0.66%			
2019 - 2020	42,001,492	41,355,710	-1.54%			
2018 - 2019	40,345,201	39,899,132	-1.11%			
2017 - 2018	40,041,171	39,539,226	-1.25%			
Five year average	e actual over (under	r) budget	-0.46%			

The following schedule shows a five-year comparison of the general fund expenditures and other financing uses final budget versus actual results:

	Expenditures and Other Financing Uses					
Fiscal Year	Budget Actual		Variance			
2021 - 2022	\$ 47,560,469	\$ 46,446,051	-2.34%			
2020 - 2021	42,355,966	41,534,344	-1.94%			
2019 - 2020	41,722,063	40,809,539	-2.19%			
2018 - 2019	39,807,539	38,673,880	-2.85%			
2017 - 2018	39,652,550	38,895,325	-1.91%			

Five year average actual over (under) budget-2.25%



Capital and Intangible Assets and Debt Administration

1. Capital Assets

At June 30, 2022 the District had \$140,923,230 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings, various furniture and equipment, and vehicles. This amount represents a net increase of \$1,852,088 due to fiscal year capital asset additions exceeding depreciation and disposals.

The following schedule shows the net book value of the District's capital assets by class type:

		2022						2021
			А	ccumulated		Net Book		Net Book
		Cost		epreciation		Value		Value
Land	\$	480,535	\$	-	\$	480,535	\$	480,535
Construction in progress		2,086,295		-		2,086,295		15,447,921
Land improvements		20,449,113		9,378,587		11,070,526		8,856,091
Building and additions	1	61,594,388		38,467,715	-	123,126,673	1	10,507,970
Furniture and equipment		9,141,136		5,073,970		4,067,166		3,682,800
Transportation equipment		329,505		237,470		92,035		95,825
Total	\$ 1	94,080,972	\$	53,157,742	\$ 1	140,923,230	\$ 1	139,071,142

2. Long-term Obligations

At June 30, 2022 the District had \$110,594,434 in general obligation debt outstanding versus \$115,677,689 at June 30, 2021.

The state limits the amount of general obligation debt that schools can issue to 15% of the assessed value of all taxable property within the School District's boundaries. The District's outstanding general obligation debt is significantly below this statutorily imposed limit.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

Our elected officials and administration consider many factors when developing the District's fiscal year budget. The following items could significantly impact the District's financial health in the future:

- Student Enrollment: State Aid Foundation revenue received is driven by the District's blended student count. A total of 90% of the blended count is not known until the first Wednesday of October 2022. The District is projecting an enrollment increase of 11 students for fiscal year 2022-2023.
- Foundation Allowance: The State of Michigan passed a School Aid Fund budget that will increase the District's per pupil foundation allowance by \$450 per pupil for fiscal year 2022-2023. The District budgeted an increase of \$435 per pupil.
- Pandemic: The COVID-19 pandemic continues to have a significant impact on district operations. Although the amount of Federal aid has been substantial, operations continue to be impacted by a labor shortage and material lead times.



- Retirement Rate: The State retirement rate that is most applicable to District Public Schools employees is 28.23%, effective October 1, 2022, that is charged to districts to fund the retirement system. In addition, the State charges and funds a stabilization rate which is projected to be 16.65% for fiscal year 2022-2023. The ability of the state to continue to subsidize the stabilization rate is a concern.
- Employee Contracts: The District has three collectively bargained agreements (CBAs). The most significant, from a financial perspective, is the East Lansing Education Association (ELEA). The ELEA's CBA is settled through June 30, 2025.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, please contact the Business Office, School District of the City of East Lansing, 501 Burcham Drive, East Lansing, MI 48823.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	¢ 10.010.777
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,213,777
Receivables Accounts receivable	21 71 4
Taxes receivable	21,714 28,899
Intergovernmental	7,073,166
Leases	104,422
Inventories	109,285
Prepaids	422,314
Restricted cash - capital projects	3,502,060
Capital assets not being depreciated	2,566,830
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	138,356,400
······································	
TOTAL ASSETS	171,398,867
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred charges on refunding	605,107
Related to other postemployment benefits	4,831,519
Related to pensions	11,852,794
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	17,289,420
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	1,717,536
Accrued salaries and related items	3,701,865
Accrued retirement	1,464,029
Accrued interest	762,158
Unearned revenue	451,366
Due to other governmental units	433,943
Noncurrent obligations	
Due within one year	4,554,720
Due in more than a year	107,021,739
Net other postemployment benefits liability	3,340,181
Net pension liability	51,430,885
TOTAL LIABILITIES	174,878,422
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to other postemployment benefits	12,776,341
Related to pensions	17,333,598
Related to state aid funding for pension	3,297,117
Related to unavailable revenue - leases	104,422
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	33,511,478
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	34,062,931
Restricted for food service	397,106
Restricted for capital projects (sinking fund)	2,708,950
Unrestricted	(56,870,600)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (19,701,613)

See notes to financial statements.

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Program	Revenues	Governmental Activities Net (expense) Revenue and
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Changes in Net Position
Governmental activities Instruction Support services Community services Food services Student/school activities Interest on long-term debt Loss on disposal of capital assets Unallocated depreciation Total governmental activities General revenues Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes, levied for debt service Property taxes, levied for debt service Property taxes, levied for sinking fund Investment earnings State sources Intermediate sources Other	 \$ 24,745,498 15,518,600 12,599 1,781,289 313,201 4,728,950 1,397,217 6,049,842 \$ 54,547,196 	\$ - 83,653 - 24,446 - - - * 108,099	\$ 8,455,844 2,348,258 11,580 2,035,245 386,625 - - - * 13,237,552	$ \begin{array}{c} (16,289,654) \\ (13,086,689) \\ (1,019) \\ 278,402 \\ 73,424 \\ (4,728,950) \\ (1,397,217) \\ (6,049,842) \\ \hline \\ (41,201,545) \\ \hline \\ 10,586,520 \\ 8,977,667 \\ 1,233,155 \\ 6,401 \\ 21,251,480 \\ 5,222,577 \\ 353,609 \\ \hline \end{array} $
Total general revenues				47,631,409
CHANGE IN NET POSITION				6,429,864
NET POSITION, beginning of year				(26,131,477)
NET POSITION, end of year				\$ (19,701,613)

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	G	eneral Fund		020 Capital ojects Fund	20	019 Sinking Fund	Tot	al Nonmajor Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,403,897	\$		\$	3,140,431	\$	2,669,449	\$	19,213,777
Receivables	ф	13,403,897	Ф	-	Ф	3,140,431	Ф	2,009,449	Ф	19,215,777
Taxes receivable		19,540		_		1,199		8,160		28,899
Accounts receivable		21,714		-		-				21,714
Intergovernmental		7,050,415		-		-		22,751		7,073,166
Due from other funds		1,500		-		-				1,500
Leases		104,422		-		-		-		104,422
Inventories		10,970		-		-		98,315		109,285
Prepaids		334,631		-		-		87,683		422,314
Restricted cash		-		3,502,060		-		-		3,502,060
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	20,947,089	\$	3,502,060	\$	3,141,630	\$	2,886,358	\$	30,477,137
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES										
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	497,355	\$	373,032	\$	-	\$	847,149	\$	1,717,536
Accrued salaries and related items		3,701,865		-		-		-		3,701,865
Accrued retirement		1,464,029		-		-		-		1,464,029
Due to other funds		-		-		-		1,500		1,500
Due to other governmental units		1,263		-		432,680		-		433,943
Unearned revenue		395,164		-		-		56,202		451,366
TOTAL LIABILITIES		6,059,676		373,032		432,680		904,851		7,770,239
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenue		100,000		-		-		-		100,000
Unavailable revenue - leases		104,422		-		-		-		104,422
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		204,422		-		-		-		204,422
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable										
Inventories		10,970		-		-		98,315		109,285
Prepaids		334,631		-		-		87,683		422,314

	General Fund		020 Capital ojects Fund	2	019 Sinking Fund	Tot	al Nonmajor Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
FUND BALANCES (continued) Restricted for:									
Debt service	\$-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	759,035	\$	759.035
Capital projects	-	+	3,129,028	+	2,708,950	+	-	+	5,837,978
Food service	-		-		-		561,542		561,542
Committed									
Student/school activities	-		-		-		474,932		474,932
Assigned for subsequent year expenditures	285,395		-		-		-		285,395
Unassigned general fund	14,051,995						-		14,051,995
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	14,682,991		3,129,028		2,708,950		1,981,507		22,502,476
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS									
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 20,947,089	\$	3,502,060	\$	3,141,630	\$	2,886,358	\$	30,477,137
Total governmental fund balances								\$	22,502,476
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the state Deferred charges on refunding Deferred outflows of resources - related to pensions Deferred outflows of resources - related to other postem Deferred inflows of resources - related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources - related to other postemp Deferred inflows of resources - related to other postemp Deferred inflows of resources - related to state funding f	ployment benefits loyment benefits	are dif	ferent because	:					605,107 11,852,794 4,831,519 (17,333,598) (12,776,341) (3,297,117)
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not finar The cost of the capital assets is Accumulated depreciation is	icial resources and a	re not	reported in the	e fund	s:		194,080,972 (53,157,742)		
neumatica depresidion is							(33,137,712)		140,923,230
Revenue not recorded in the funds due to not being collect Deferred inflows - Special education payment due from Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the curren	IISD								100,000
Bonds payable Compensated absences and termination benefits	e perioù unu ure not	report						(110,594,434) (982,025)
Accrued interest is not included as a liability in governm	ent funds, it is record	ded wh	en paid						(762,158)
Net other postemployment benefits liability			P						(3,340,181)
Net pension liability									(51,430,885)
Net position of governmental activities								\$	(19,701,613)

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		2020 Capital	2019 Sinking	Total Nonmajor	Total Governmental
	General Fund	Projects Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
REVENUES					
Local sources					
Property taxes	\$ 10,600,320	\$ -	\$ 1,233,123	\$ 8,980,499	\$ 20,813,942
Investment earnings	-	3,186	-	3,764	6,950
Food sales and athletics	83,653	-	-	24,446	108,099
Student/school activities	-	-	-	386,625	386,625
Other	260,724			<u>-</u>	260,724
Total local sources	10,945,147	3,186	1,233,123	9,395,334	21,576,790
State sources	28,440,081	-	-	49,629	28,489,710
Federal sources	4,110,556	-	-	1,985,616	6,096,172
Incoming transfers and other	5,286,903				5,286,903
TOTAL REVENUES	48,782,687	3,186	1,233,123	11,430,579	61,449,575
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Instruction	28,455,367	-	-	-	28,455,367
Supporting services	17,978,085	-	-	-	17,978,085
Food service activities	-	-	-	1,793,626	1,793,626
Student/school activities	-	-	-	313,201	313,201
Community service activities	12,599	-	-	-	12,599
Capital outlay	-	7,006,762	660,555	1,703,654	9,370,971

	General Fund	2020 Capital Projects Fund	2019 Sinking Fund	Total Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
EXPENDITURES (continued) Debt service Principal repayment Interest Other costs	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - 9	\$ 4,030,000 4,760,150 1,697	\$ 4,030,000 4,760,150 1,706
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	46,446,051	7,006,762	660,564	12,602,328	66,715,705
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	2,336,636	(7,003,576)	572,559	(1,171,749)	(5,266,130)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of capital assets	24,760				24,760
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	2,361,396	(7,003,576)	572,559	(1,171,749)	(5,241,370)
FUND BALANCES Beginning of year	12,321,595	10,132,604	2,136,391	3,153,256	27,743,846
End of year	\$ 14,682,991	\$ 3,129,028	\$ 2,708,950	\$ 1,981,507	\$ 22,502,476

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances total governmental funds	\$ (5,241,370)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities	
these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation: Depreciation expense	(6,049,842)
Capital outlay	9,299,147
Net book value of assets disposed	(1,397,217)
Accrued interest on bonds is recorded in the statement of activities	
when incurred; it is not recorded in governmental funds until it is paid: Accrued interest payable, beginning of the year	793,358
Accrued interest payable, end of the year	(762,158)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the	
current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has	
any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of	
premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts	
are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:	
Payments on debt	4,030,000
Amortization of deferred charges on refunding	(75,638)
Amortization of bond premium	1,053,255
Revenue is recorded on the accrual method in the statement of activities; in the	
governmental funds it is recorded on the modified accrual method and not considered available:	
Deferred inflows - unavailable revenue, beginning of the year	(113,800)
Deferred inflows - unavailable revenue, end of the year	100,000
Compensated absences are reported on the accrual method in the statement of activities,	
and recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the	
governmental funds: Accrued compensated absences and termination benefits, beginning of the year	886,361
Accrued compensated absences and termination benefits, end of the year	(982,025)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of	
current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the	
governmental funds:	
Other postemployment benefits related items Pension related items	3,611,900
Pension related items	1,751,636
Restricted revenue reported in the governmental funds that is deferred to offset	
the deferred outflows related to section 147c pension benefit contributions subsequent to the measurement period:	
State aid funding for pension, beginning of year	2,823,374
State aid funding for pension, end of year	 (3,297,117)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 6,429,864

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	istodial Funds
ASSETS Cash	\$ 48,209
NET POSITION Restricted for student organizations	\$ 48,209

See notes to financial statements.

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	ustodial Funds
ADDITIONS Student activity income Investment earnings	\$ -
TOTAL ADDITIONS	
DEDUCTIONS Payments made on behalf of student organizations	
NET POSITION Beginning of year	 48,209
End of year	\$ 48,209

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities* normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

Reporting Entity

The School District of the City of East Lansing (the "District") is governed by the School District of the City of East Lansing's Board of Education (the "Board"), which has responsibility and control over all activities related to public school education within the District. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal sources and must comply with all of the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity as defined by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and the primary accountability for fiscal matters. In addition, the District's reporting entity does not contain any component units as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements.

Basis of Presentation - Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from the governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The District reports the following *Major Governmental Funds*:

The *General Fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *2020 Capital Projects Fund* accounts for the receipt of debt proceeds and the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects.

The *2019 Sinking Fund* accounts for the receipt of property taxes levied for sinking fund and subsequent expenditures of those funds. The fund has complied with the applicable provisions of Section 1212(1) of the Revised School Code and the State of Michigan Department of Treasury Letter No. 01-95.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The capital projects funds include capital project activities funded with bonds issued after May 1, 1994. For these capital projects, the school district has complied with the applicable provisions of §1351a of the Revised School Code.

	 2020
Revenue, not including proceeds	\$ 179,136
Expenditures and transfers	\$ 23,693,719

The above revenue figures do not include total 2020 bond proceeds and premium of \$26,643,611.

Other Nonmajor Funds

The *Special Revenue Funds* account for revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes (not including expendable trusts or major capital projects). The District accounts for its food service and student/school activities in special revenue funds.

The 2015 Refunding Debt Service Fund, the 2017 debt service fund, and the 2020 debt service fund account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The *2012 Capital Projects Fund* accounts for the receipt of proceeds from the sale of a building and the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects.

The capital projects *Sinking Funds* record capital project activities funded with sinking fund millage and other sources. For the sinking fund, the District has complied with the applicable provision of §1212(1) of the Revised School Code and the State of Michigan Department of Treasury Letter No. 01-95.

Fiduciary Funds account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. Trust funds account for assets held by the District under the terms of a formal trust agreement. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

The custodial fund consists of assets for the benefit of individuals and the District does not have administrative involvement with the assets or direct financial involvement with the assets. In addition, the assets are not derived from the District's provision of goods or services to those individuals. This fund is used to account for assets that the District holds for others in an agency capacity (primarily student activities).

During the course of operations, the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, they are eliminated in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, they are eliminated in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, except for the recognition of certain liabilities to the beneficiaries of the fiduciary activity. Liabilities to beneficiaries are recognized when an event has occurred that compels the District to disburse fiduciary resources.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are generally collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, state, and federal aid, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expendituredriven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end).

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation grant approach which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per pupil based on a statewide formula. The foundation is funded from state and local sources. Revenues from state sources are primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The Michigan Department of Education administers the allocation of state funds to school districts based on information supplied by the districts. For the current year ended, the foundation allowance was based on pupil membership counts.

The state portion of the foundation is provided primarily by a state education property tax millage of 6 mills on Principal Residence Exemption (PRE) property and an allocated portion of state sales and other taxes. The local portion of the foundation is funded primarily by Non-PRE property taxes which may be levied at a rate of up to 18 mills as well as 6 mills for Commercial Personal Property Tax. The state revenue is recognized during the foundation period and is funded through payments from October to August. Thus, the unpaid portion at June 30 is reported as an intergovernmental receivable.

The District also receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical education programs. State rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be used for its specific purpose. Certain governmental funds require an accounting to the state of the expenditures incurred. For categorical funds meeting this requirement, funds received and accrued, which are not expended by the close of the fiscal year are recorded as unearned revenue.

All other revenue items are generally considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Budgetary Information

Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund and special revenue funds. The capital projects funds are appropriated on a project-length basis. Other funds do not have appropriated budgets.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Superintendent submits to the School Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The level of control for the budgets is at the functional level as set forth and presented as required supplementary information.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Budgetary Information (continued)

Budgetary Basis of Accounting (continued)

- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally adopted by School Board resolution pursuant to the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act (1968 PA 2). The Act requires that the budget be amended prior to the end of the fiscal year when necessary to adjust appropriations if it appears that revenues and other financing sources will be less than anticipated or so that expenditures will not be in excess of original estimates. Expenditures shall not be made or incurred, unless authorized in the budget, in excess of the amount appropriated. Violations, if any, in the general fund are noted in the required supplementary information section.
- 4. Transfers may be made for budgeted amounts between major expenditure functions within any fund; however, these transfers and any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the School Board.
- 5. The budget was amended during the year with supplemental appropriations, the last one approved prior to year ended June 30, 2022. The District does not consider these amendments to be significant.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of 3 months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

In accordance with Michigan Compiled Laws, the District is authorized to invest in the following investment vehicles:

- a. Bonds, securities, and other obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a bank which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or a savings and loan association which is a member of the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation (FSLIC) or a credit union which is insured by the National Credit Union Administration (NCUA), but only if the bank, savings and loan association, or credit union is eligible to be a depository of surplus funds belonging to the State under section 5 or 6 of Act No. 105 of the Public Acts of 1855, as amended, being Section 21.145 and 21.146 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three (3) highest classifications established by not less than two (2) standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. The United States government or federal agency obligations repurchase agreements.
- e. Bankers acceptances of United States banks.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

Investments (continued)

f. Mutual funds composed of investment vehicles, which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Michigan Compiled Laws allow for collateralization of government deposits, if the assets for pledging are acceptable to the State Treasurer under Section 3 of 1855 PA 105, MCL 21.143, to secure deposits of State surplus funds, securities issued by the Federal Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal National Mortgage Association, or Government National Mortgage Association.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method and consist of expendable supplies. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and transportation vehicles, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of 2 years. Group purchases are evaluated on a case-by-case basis. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Land and construction in progress if any are not depreciated. The other property, plant, and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Capital Asset Classes	Lives
Buildings and additions	20 - 50
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20
Land improvements	15 - 20
Vehicles	8

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

Defined Benefit Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits, and pension and other postemployment benefits expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public Employees Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are the deferred charge on refunding, pension, and other postemployment benefits related items reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow is recognized for pension and other postemployment benefit related items. These amounts are expensed in the plan year in which they apply.

Deferred Inflows

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has four items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first is restricted section 147c state aid deferred to offset deferred outflows related to section 147c pension contributions subsequent to the measurement period. The second and third items are future resources yet to be recognized in relation to the pension and other postemployment benefit actuarial calculation. These future resources arise from differences in the estimates used by the actuary to calculate the pension and other postemployment benefit liability and the actual results. The amounts are amortized over a period determined by the actuary. The fourth item is unavailable revenue. The district reports unavailable revenue from receipts that are received after 60 days of year end and future lease revenue. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Education is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District that can, by adoption of a board action prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the board action remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another board action) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Education may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

The District has committed and adopted a minimum fund balance policy. In the general fund, the District strives to maintain a fund balance to be 10% of the actual GAAP basis expenditures and other financing uses.

Leases

Lessor: The District is a lessor for a noncancelable lease of building space. The District recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements. At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of the lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payment received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

Leases (continued)

Key estimates and judgements include how the District determines (1) the discount rate is used to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- > The District uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- > The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of the lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, unrestricted state aid, interest, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Property Taxes

Property taxes levied by the District are collected by various municipalities and periodically remitted to the District. The taxes are levied and become a lien as of July 1 and are due upon receipt of the billing by the taxpayer and become a lien on the first day of the levy year. The actual due date is September 14, after which time the bills become delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the collecting entity.

For the year ended June 30, 2022 the District levied the following amounts per \$1,000 of assessed valuation:

Fund	Mills
General fund	
Non-Principal Residence Exemption (PRE)	18.0000
Commercial Personal Property	6.0000
Debt service fund	
PRE, Non-PRE, Commercial Personal Property	6.8000
Sinking fund	
PRE, Non-PRE, Commercial Personal Property	0.9990

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses (continued)

Compensated Absences and Termination Benefits

The District's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits, which are eligible for payment upon separation from service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary and related benefits, where applicable.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method which approximates the effective interest method over the term of the related debt. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenditures in the year in which they are incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

As of June 30, 2022, the District had deposits and investments subject to the following risk:

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2022, \$22,592,086 of the District's bank balance of \$22,842,086 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. The carrying value on the books for deposits at the end of the year was \$22,764,047.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The District will minimize custodial credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by; limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by law; and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the District will do business.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the District will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the District's cash requirements.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized. Obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality.

Foreign Currency Risk

The District is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

Fair Value Measurement

The District is required to disclose amounts within a framework established for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical securities.
- Level 2: Prices determined using other significant observable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that other market participants may use in pricing a security. These may include prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk and others.
- Level 3: Prices determined using significant unobservable inputs. In situations where quoted prices or observable inputs are unavailable or deemed less relevant, unobservable inputs may be used. Unobservable inputs reflect the District's own assumptions about the factors market participants would use in pricing an investment and would be based on the best information available.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Fair Value Measurement (continued)

The cash and cash equivalents and investments referred to above have been reported in either the cash and cash equivalents or investments captions on the financial statements, based upon criteria disclosed in Note 1.

The following summarizes the categorization of these amounts as of June 30, 2022:

	Primary Government	Custodial Fund	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash - capital projects	\$ 19,213,777 3,502,060	\$ 48,209	\$ 19,261,986 3,502,060
	\$ 22,715,837	\$ 48,209	\$ 22,764,046

NOTE 3 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2022 consist of the following:

Intergovernmental	
State aid	\$ 5,466,654
Federal revenue	1,356,066
Ingham Intermediate School District	250,446
	\$ 7,073,166

No allowance for doubtful accounts is considered necessary.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in the District's capital assets at June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions/ reclassifications	Deletions/ reclassifications	Balance June 30, 2022	
Capital assets not being depreciated Land Construction in progress	\$ 480,535 15,447,921	\$ - 2,086,295	\$- 15,447,921	\$ 480,535 2,086,295	
Total capital assets not					
being depreciated	15,928,456	2,086,295	15,447,921	2,566,830	
Capital assets being depreciated					
Land improvements	17,654,272	3,291,128	496,287	20,449,113	
Buildings and additions	147,303,661	18,297,147	4,006,420	161,594,388	
Furniture and equipment	8,330,368	1,048,513	237,745	9,141,136	
Vehicles	305,520	23,985	-	329,505	
Total capital assets being depreciated	173,593,821	22,660,773	4,740,452	191,514,142	
Accumulated depreciation					
Land improvements	8,798,181	995,832	415,426	9,378,587	
Building and improvements	36,795,691	4,385,723	2,713,699	38,467,715	
Furniture and equipment	4,647,568	640,512	214,110	5,073,970	
Vehicles	209,695	27,775		237,470	
Total accumulated depreciation	50,451,135	6,049,842	3,343,235	53,157,742	
Net capital assets being depreciated	123,142,686	16,610,931	1,397,217	138,356,400	
Net governmental capital assets	\$ 139,071,142	\$ 18,697,226	\$ 16,845,138	\$ 140,923,230	

Depreciation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 amounted to \$6,049,842. The District determined that it was impractical to allocate depreciation to the various governmental activities as the assets serve multiple functions.

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivable Fund	Amount		Payable Fund	Amount	
General fund	\$	1,500	Nonmajor funds	\$	1,500

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods or services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of long-term obligations for the District for the year ended June 30, 2022.

	General Obligation Bonds	Compensated Absences and Termination Benefits	Total
Balance, July 1, 2021 Additions Deletions	\$ 115,677,689 - (5,083,255)	\$ 886,361 143,603 (47,939)	\$ 116,564,050 143,603 (5,131,194)
Balance, June 30, 2022	110,594,434	982,025	111,576,459
Due within one year	(4,540,000)	(14,720)	(4,554,720)
Due in more than one year	\$ 106,054,434	\$ 967,305	\$ 107,021,739

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition, construction, and improvement of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District. Long-term obligations at June 30, 2022 are comprised of the following issues:

General Obligation Bonds

2015 Refunding general obligation bonds due in annual installments of \$2,405,000 to \$2,620,000 through May 1, 2030, with interest at 5.00%.	\$ 20,240,000
2017 Building and site bonds due in annual installments of \$1,575,000 to \$2,920,000 through May 1, 2042, with interest rates from 4% to 5%.	53,040,000
2020 Building and site bonds due in annual installments of \$345,000 to \$1,045,000 through May 1, 2044, with interest rates from 4% to 5%.	21,160,000
Plus issuance premium	16,154,434
Total general obligation bonds	110,594,434
Compensated absences and termination benefits	982,025
Total general long-term obligations	\$ 111,576,459

The District has defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. At June 30, 2022, \$24,475,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize the long-term obligations outstanding exclusive of compensated absences payments as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

						mpensated sences and		
Year Ending		General Obli	gatio	n Bonds		rmination		
June 30,		Principal		Interest	Benefits			Total
2023	\$	4,540,000	\$	4,572,950	\$	-	\$	9,112,950
2024	•	5,045,000	•	4,365,150	•	-	*	9,410,150
2025		5,505,000		4,137,300		-		9,642,300
2026		5,730,000		3,891,200		-		9,621,200
2027		5,955,000		3,636,500		-		9,591,500
2028 - 2032		26,235,000		13,957,750		-		40,192,750
2033 - 2037		19,600,000		8,403,000		-		28,003,000
2038 - 2042		19,740,000		3,486,000		-		23,226,000
2043 - 2044		2,090,000		156,750		-		2,246,750
		94,440,000		46,606,600		-		141,046,600
Issuance premium Compensated absences		16,154,434		-		-		16,154,434
and termination benefits		-				982,025		982,025
	\$	110,594,434	\$	46,606,600	\$	982,025	\$	158,183,059

Interest expense (all funds) for the year ended June 30, 2022 was approximately \$4,760,000.

NOTE 7 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) (System) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the Board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. MPSERS issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that can be obtained at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act.

NOTE 7 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State of Michigan Investment Board serves as the investment fiduciary and custodian for the System.

Benefits Provided - Overall

Participants are enrolled in one of multiple plans based on date of hire and certain voluntary elections. A summary of the plans offered by MPSERS is as follows:

<u>Plan Name</u>	<u>Plan Type</u>	<u>Plan Status</u>
Basic	Defined Benefit	Closed
Member Investment Plan (MIP)	Defined Benefit	Closed
Pension Plus	Hybrid	Closed
Pension Plus 2	Hybrid	Open
Defined Contribution	Defined Contribution	Open

Benefits Provided - Pension

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Retirement benefits for DB plan members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

Prior to Pension reform of 2010 there were two plans commonly referred to as Basic and the Member Investment Plan (MIP). Basic Plan member's contributions range from 0% - 4%. On January 1, 1987, the Member Investment Plan (MIP) was enacted. MIP members enrolled prior to January 1, 1990, contribute at a permanently fixed rate of 3.9% of gross wages. Members first hired January 1, 1990, or later including Pension Plus Plan members, contribute at various graduated permanently fixed contribution rates from 3.0% - 7.0%.

Pension Reform 2010

On May 19, 2010, the Governor signed Public Act 75 of 2010 into law. As a result, any member of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) who became a member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010 is a Pension Plus member. Pension Plus is a hybrid plan that contains a pension component with an employee contribution (graded, up to 6.4% of salary) and a flexible and transferable defined contribution (DC) tax-deferred investment account that earns an employer match of 50% (up to 1% of salary) on employee contributions. Retirement benefits for Pension Plus members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. Disability and survivor benefits are available to Pension Plus members.

NOTE 7 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Pension Reform 2012

On September 4, 2012, the Governor signed Public Act 300 of 2012 into law. The legislation grants all active members who first became a member before July 1, 2010, and who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their pension. Any changes to a member's pension are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under the reform, members voluntarily chose to increase, maintain, or stop their contributions to the pension fund.

An amount determined by the member's election of Option 1, 2, 3, or 4 described below:

<u>Option 1</u> - Members voluntarily elected to increase their contributions to the pension fund as noted below and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they terminate public school employment.

- ▶ Basic plan members: 4% contribution
- Member Investment Plan (MIP)-Fixed, MIP-Graded, and MIP-Plus members: a flat 7% contribution

<u>Option 2</u> - Members voluntarily elected to increase their contribution to the pension fund as stated in Option 1 and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they reach 30 years of service. If and when they reach 30 years of service, their contribution rates will return to the previous level in place as of the day before their transition date (0% for Basic plan members, 3.9% for MIP-Fixed, up to 4.3% for MIP-Graded, or up to 6.4% for MIP-Plus). The pension formula for any service thereafter would include a 1.25% pension factor.

<u>Option 3</u> - Members voluntarily elected not to increase their contribution to the pension fund and maintain their current level of contribution to the pension fund. The pension formula for their years of service as of the day before their transition date will include a 1.5% pension factor. The pension formula for any service thereafter will include a 1.25% pension factor.

<u>Option 4</u> - Members voluntarily elected to no longer contribute to the pension fund and therefore are switched to the Defined Contribution plan for future service as of their transition date. As a DC participant they receive a 4% employer contribution to the tax-deferred 401(k) account and can choose to contribute up to the maximum amounts permitted by the IRS to a 457 account. They vest in employer contributions and related earnings in their 401(k)-account based on the following schedule: 50% at 2 years, 75% at 3 years, and 100% at 4 years of service. They are 100% vested in any personal contributions and related earnings in their 457 account. Upon retirement, if they meet age and service requirements (including their total years of service), they would also receive a pension (calculated based on years of service and final average compensation as of the day before their transition date and a 1.5% pension factor).

NOTE 7 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Pension Reform 2012 (continued)

Members who did not make an election before the deadline defaulted to Option 3 as described above. Deferred or nonvested public school employees on September 3, 2012, who return to public school employment on or after September 4, 2012, will be considered as if they had elected Option 3 above. Returning members who made the retirement plan election will retain whichever option they chose.

Employees who first work on or after September 4, 2012 choose between two retirement plans: The Pension Plus Plan and a Defined Contribution that provides a 50% employer match up to 3% of salary on employee contributions.

Final Average Compensation (FAC)

Average of highest 60 consecutive months for Basic Plan members and Pension Plus members (36 months for MIP members). FAC is calculated as of the last day worked unless the member elected Option 4, in which case the FAC is calculated at the transition date.

Pension Reform of 2017

On July 13, 2017, the Governor signed Public Act 92 of 2017 into law. The legislation closed the Pension Plus plan to newly hired employees as of February 1, 2018 and created a new, optional Pension Plus 2 plan with similar plan benefit calculations but containing a 50/50 cost share between the employee and the employer, including the cost of future unfunded liabilities. The assumed rate of return on the Pension Plus 2 plan is 6%. Further, under certain adverse actuarial conditions, the Pension Plus 2 plan will close to new employees if the actuarial funded ratio falls below 85% for two consecutive years. The law included other provisions to the retirement eligibility age, plan assumptions, and unfunded liability payment methods.

Benefits Provided - Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB)

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree health care recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP-Graded plan members), the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008, (MIP-Plus plan members), have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date.

NOTE 7 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Retiree Healthcare Reform of 2012

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions will be deposited into their 401(k) accounts.

Regular Retirement (no reduction factor for age)

Eligibility

A Basic plan member may retire at age 55 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service. For Member Investment Plan (MIP) members, age 46 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service; or age 60 with 5 years of credited service provided member worked through their 60th birthday and has credited service in each of the last 5 years. For Pension Plus Plan (PPP) members, age 60 with 10 years of credited service.

Annual Amount

The annual pension is paid monthly for the lifetime of a retiree. The calculation of a member's pension is determined by their pension election under PA 300 of 2012.

Member Contributions

Depending on the plan selected, member contributions range from 0% - 7% for pension and 0% - 3% for other postemployment benefits. Plan members electing the Defined Contribution plan are not required to make additional contributions.

Employer Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of pension benefits and OPEB. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

NOTE 7 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Employer Contributions (continued)

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The normal cost is the annual cost assigned under the actuarial funding method, to the current and subsequent plan years. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis.

Pension and OPEB contributions made in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021 were determined as of the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuations. The pension and OPEB benefits, the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liabilities as of September 30, 2018 are amortized over an 18-year period beginning October 1, 2020 and ending September 30, 2038.

School districts' contributions are determined based on employee elections. There are several different benefit options included in the plan available to employees based on date of hire. Contribution rates are adjusted annually by the ORS. The range of rates is as follows:

		Other Postemployment
	Pension	Benefit
October 1, 2020 - September 30, 2021	13.39% - 19.78%	7.57% - 8.43%
October 1, 2021 - September 30, 2022	13.73% - 20.14%	7.23% - 8.09%

The District's pension contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022 were equal to the required contribution total. Total pension contributions were approximately \$7,469,000. Of the total pension contributions approximately \$7,225,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$244,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Contribution Plan.

The District's OPEB contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022 were equal to the required contribution total. Total OPEB contributions were approximately \$1,874,000. Of the total OPEB contributions approximately \$1,747,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$127,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Contribution Plan.

These amounts, for both pension and OPEB benefit, include contributions funded from State Revenue Section 147c restricted to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) Stabilization Rate (100% for pension and 0% for OPEB).

NOTE 7 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> <u>Related to Pensions</u>

Pension Liabilities

The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2020 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined.

MPSERS (Plan) Non-university Employers	September 30, 2021		September 30, 2020	
Total Pension Liability	\$	86,392,473,395	\$	85,290,583,799
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	62,717,060,920	\$	50,939,496,006
Net Pension Liability	\$	23,675,412,475	\$	34,351,087,793
Proportionate Share		0.21723%		0.21488%
Net Pension Liability for the District	\$	51,430,885	\$	73,813,387

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$5,473,229.

At June 30, 2022, the Reporting Unit reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	C	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes of assumptions	\$	3,242,019	\$-
Net difference between projected and actual			
pension plan investments earnings		-	16,534,864
Changes in proportion and differences between employer			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,039,003	495,867
Differences between expected and actual experience		796,686	302,867
Reporting Unit's contributions subsequent to			
the measurement date		6,775,086	
	\$	11,852,794	\$ 17,333,598

\$6,775,086, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

NOTE 7 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> <u>Related to Pensions</u>

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and (deferred inflows) of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
September 30,	Amount
2022	\$ (1,449,212)
2023	(2,639,472)
2024	(3,764,090)
2025	(4,403,116)

<u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> <u>Related to OPEB</u>

OPEB Liabilities

The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2020 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined.

MPSERS (Plan) Non-university Employers	Sej	otember 30, 2021	September 30, 2020		
Total other postemployment benefit liability	\$	12,046,393,511	\$	13,206,903,534	
Plan fiduciary net position	\$	10,520,015,621	\$	7,849,636,555	
Net other postemployment benefit liability	\$	1,526,377,890	\$	5,357,266,979	
Proportionate share		0.21683%		0.21683%	
Net other postemployment benefit liability					
for the District	\$	3,340,181	\$	11,616,267	

NOTE 7 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

<u>OPEB Liabilities</u>, <u>OPEB Expense</u>, and <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> <u>Related to OPEB (continued)</u>

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB benefit of \$1,864,885.

At June 30, 2022, the Reporting Unit reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 9,534,307
Changes of assumptions	2,792,225	417,821
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	-	2,517,554
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	478,700	306,659
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,560,594	
	\$ 4,831,519	\$ 12,776,341

\$1,560,594, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and (deferred inflows) of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Amount
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026	(2,569,293) (2,291,159) (2,010,158) (1,892,449) (656,254)
2027	(86,103)

NOTE 7 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

Investment Rate of Return for Pension - 6.80% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses for the MIP, Basic and Pension Plus groups and 6.00% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses for Pension Plus 2 Plan.

Investment Rate of Return for OPEB - 6.95% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses.

Salary Increases - The rate of pay increase used for individual members is 2.75% - 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%.

Inflation - 3.0%.

Mortality Assumptions:

Retirees: RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled by 82% for males and 78% for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Active: RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Disabled Retirees: RP-2014 Male and Female Disabled Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Experience Study - The annual actuarial valuation report of the System used for these statements is dated September 30, 2020. Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the periods 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the determination of the total pension and OPEB liability beginning with the September 30, 2018 valuation.

The Long-Term Expected Rate of Return on Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Investments - The pension rate was 6.80% (MIP, Basic, and Pension Plus Plan) and 6.00% for Pension Plus 2 Plan, and the other postemployment benefit rate was 6.95%, net of investment and administrative expenses was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Cost of Living Pension Adjustments - 3.0% annual non-compounded for MIP members.

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate for Other Postemployment Benefit - Pre 65, 7.75% for year one and graded to 3.5% in year fifteen. Post 65, 5.25% for year one and graded to 3.5% in year fifteen.

NOTE 7 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Additional Assumptions for Other Postemployment Benefit Only - Applies to Individuals Hired Before September 4, 2012:

Opt Out Assumption - 21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30% of those hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed to opt out of the retiree health plan.

Survivor Coverage - 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to have coverage continuing after the retiree's death.

Coverage Election at Retirement - 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect coverage for 1 or more dependents.

The target asset allocation at September 30, 2021 and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-term Expected Real Rate of
Investment Category	Allocation	Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	25.00%	5.40%
International Equity Pools	15.00%	7.50%
Private Equity Pools	16.00%	9.10%
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.00%	5.40%
Fixed Income Pools	10.50%	-0.70%
Absolute Return Pools	9.00%	2.60%
Real Return/Opportunistic Pools	12.50%	6.10%
Short Term Investment Pools	2.00%	-1.30%
	100.00%	

* Long term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.0% inflation.

NOTE 7 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Rate of Return - For fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was 27.3% and 27.14%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Pension Discount Rate - A single discount rate of 6.80% was used to measure the total pension liability (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan). This discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan). The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from school districts will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

OPEB Discount Rate - A single discount rate of 6.95% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.95%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that school districts contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using a single discount rate of 6.80% (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan), as well as what the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Pension	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Reporting Unit's proportionate			
share of the net pension liability	\$ 73,532,217	\$ 51,430,885	\$ 33,107,430

NOTE 7 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using a single discount rate of 6.95%, as well as what the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Other Postemployment Benefit						
	1%	6 Decrease	Discount Rate		1	% Increase	
Reporting Unit's proportionate share							
of the net other postemployment							
benefit liability	\$	6,206,658	\$	3,340,181	\$	907,565	

Sensitivity to the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates - The following presents the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Other Postemployment Benefit						
	Current						
	Healthcare Cost						
	1% Decrease			Trend Rates		% Increase	
Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net other postemployment							
benefit liability	\$	812,973	\$	3,340,181	\$	6,183,593	

Pension and OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension and OPEB's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System 2021 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Payable to the Pension and OPEB Plan - At year end the School District is current on all required pension and other postemployment benefit plan payments. Amounts accrued at year end for accounting purposes are separately stated in the financial statements as a liability titled accrued retirement. These amounts represent current payments for June paid in July, accruals for summer pay primarily for teachers, and the contributions due from State Revenue Section 147c restricted to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL).

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees' and natural disasters. The District participates in two distinct pools of educational institutions within the State of Michigan for self-insuring property and casualty and workers' disability compensation. The pools are considered public entity risk pools. The District pays annual premiums under a retrospectively rated policy to the pools for the respective insurance coverage.

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

In the event a pool's total claims and expenses for a policy year exceed the total normal annual premiums for said years, all members of the specific pool's policy year may be subject to special assessment to make up the deficiency. The workers' compensation pool and the property casualty pool maintain reinsurance for claims generally in excess of \$500,000 for each occurrence with the overall maximum coverage varying depending on the specific type coverage of reinsurance.

The District continues to carry commercial insurance for other risks of loss, including employee health and accident insurance. No settlements have occurred in excess of coverage for June 30, 2022 or any of the prior 3 years.

NOTE 9 - TAX ABATEMENTS

The District receives reduced property tax revenues as a result of Industrial Facilities Tax exemptions, Brownfield Redevelopment Agreements, and Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) granted by cities, villages and townships. Industrial facility exemptions are intended to promote construction of new industrial facilities, or to rehabilitate historical facilities; Brownfield Redevelopment Agreements are intended to reimburse taxpayers that remediate environmental contamination on their properties; PILOT programs apply to multiple unit housing for citizens of low income and the elderly. The property taxes abated for all funds by municipality under these programs are as follows:

Municipality	Taxes Abated
City of East Lansing City of Lansing	\$ 1,211,561 27,499
Total	\$ 1,239,060

The taxes abated for the general fund operating millage is considered by the State of Michigan when determining the District's section 22 funding of the State School Aid Act.

NOTE 10 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustments by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 11 - UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-based Information Technology Arrangements*. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset - an intangible asset - and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, *Leases,* as amended. The District is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2022-2023 fiscal year.

NOTE 12 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District implemented the following new pronouncement: GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*.

Summary:

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*, was issued by the GASB in June 2017. The objective of this Statement is to increase the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use the underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

There was no material impact on the District's financial statement after the adoption of GASB Statement 87.

NOTE 13 - LEASE RECEIVABLE

The District is leasing school facilities to a third party for the operation of and arts and recreation program and a before-and-after school program. The lease will continue for two more years and the District will receive annual payments of \$54,694 and \$56,061 in 2023 and 2024, respectively. The District recognized \$47,543 in lease revenue and \$6,079 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. As of June 30, 2022, the District's receivable for lease payments was \$104,422. Also, the District has deferred inflow of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term. As of June 30, 2022, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$104,422.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING REQUIRED SUPPLMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES	* 11 5 3 3 4 5		* 40045445	
Local sources	\$ 11,522,815	\$ 10,977,682	\$ 10,945,147	\$ (32,535)
State sources	26,089,008	28,036,028	28,440,081	404,053
Federal sources	1,849,202	4,240,286	4,110,556	(129,730)
Incoming transfers and other	4,595,803	5,063,198	5,286,903	223,705
TOTAL REVENUES	44,056,828	48,317,194	48,782,687	465,493
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Instruction				
Basic programs	21,102,480	22,115,669	21,824,436	291,233
Added needs	6,497,740	6,901,758	6,630,931	270,827
Total instruction	27,600,220	29,017,427	28,455,367	562,060
Supporting services				
Pupil	3,421,168	3,667,088	3,562,891	104,197
Instructional staff	2,731,316	3,174,963	3,001,823	173,140
General administration	481,716	491,459	463,938	27,521
School administration	2,818,866	2,836,919	2,779,311	57,608
Business	652,055	574,421	541,018	33,403
Operation/maintenance	4,152,139	4,350,185	4,274,750	75,435
Pupil transportation	1,250,043	1,524,136	1,557,708	(33,572)
Central	985,074	1,066,466	968,127	98,339
Athletics	757,130	829,840	828,519	1,321
Total supporting services	17,249,507	18,515,477	17,978,085	537,392
Community services	38,501	27,565	12,599	14,966
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	44,888,228	47,560,469	46,446,051	1,114,418
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(831,400)	756,725	2,336,636	1,579,911
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	11,000	29,000	24,760	(4,240)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (820,400)	\$ 785,725	2,361,396	\$ 1,575,671
FUND BALANCE			10 001 505	
Beginning of year			12,321,595	
End of year			\$ 14,682,991	

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (DETERMINED AS OF PLAN YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Reporting Unit's proportion of net pension liability (%)	0.21723%	0.21488%	0.21167%	0.21426%	0.21939%	0.21837%	0.21480%	0.22017%
Reporting Unit's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 51,430,885	\$ 73,813,387	\$ 70,097,391	\$ 64,411,434	\$ 56,853,910	\$ 54,481,960	\$ 52,465,688	\$ 48,496,759
Reporting Unit's covered-employee payroll	\$ 19,768,312	\$ 19,238,765	\$ 18,626,250	\$ 17,883,246	\$ 18,372,230	\$ 18,594,479	\$ 17,927,386	\$ 18,712,153
Reporting Unit's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	260.17%	383.67%	376.34%	360.18%	309.46%	293.00%	292.66%	259.17%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability (Non-university employee)	72.60%	59.72%	60.31%	62.36%	64.21%	63.27%	63.17%	66.20%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the District presents information for those years for which information is available.

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (DETERMINED AS OF THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 7,224,865	\$ 6,300,939	\$ 5,834,186	\$ 5,549,581	\$ 5,700,705	\$ 5,129,913	\$ 4,676,809	\$ 3,817,387
Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions	7,224,865	6,300,939	5,834,186	5,549,581	5,700,705	5,129,913	4,676,809	3,817,387
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Reporting Unit's covered-employee payroll	\$ 21,142,037	\$ 19,193,974	\$ 19,166,115	\$ 18,410,181	\$ 17,992,654	\$ 18,395,718	\$ 16,608,983	\$ 18,107,753
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	34.17%	32.83%	30.44%	30.14%	31.68%	27.89%	28.16%	21.08%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the District presents information for those years for which information is available.

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (DETERMINED AS OF PLAN YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Reporting Unit's proportion of net OPEB liability (%)	0.21883%	0.21683%	0.21337%	0.21015%	0.21979%
Reporting Unit's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 3,340,181	\$ 11,616,267	\$ 15,315,292	\$ 16,704,498	\$ 19,463,607
Reporting Unit's covered-employee payroll	\$ 19,768,312	\$ 19,238,765	\$ 18,626,250	\$ 17,883,246	\$ 18,372,230
Reporting Unit's proportionate share of net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	16.90%	60.38%	82.22%	93.41%	105.94%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability (Non-university employee)	87.33%	59.44%	48.46%	42.95%	36.39%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the District presents information for those years for which information is available.

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (DETERMINED AS OF THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 1,747,015	\$ 1,651,425	\$ 1,647,518	\$ 1,541,169	\$ 1,599,006
Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions	1,747,015	1,651,425	1,647,518	1,541,169	1,599,006
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Reporting Unit's covered-employee payroll	\$ 21,142,037	\$ 19,193,974	\$ 19,166,115	\$ 18,410,181	\$ 17,992,654
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	8.26%	8.60%	8.60%	8.37%	8.89%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten- year trend is compiled, the District presents information for those years for which information is available.

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - PENSION INFORMATION

Benefit Changes - there were no changes of benefit terms in 2021.

Changes of Assumptions - there were no changes of assumptions in 2021.

NOTE 2 - OPEB INFORMATION

Benefit Changes - there were no changes of benefit terms in 2021.

Changes of Assumptions - the assumption changes for 2021 were:

Healthcare cost trend rate was broken into two groups, Pre 65 and Post 65. The Pre 65 rate is 7.75% Year 1 graded to 3.50% Year 15. The Post 65 rate is 5.25% Year 1 graded to 3.50% Year 15. The prior healthcare cost trend rate was reported as one group with a rate of 7.00% Year 1 graded to 3.50% Year 15.

ADDITIONAL SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

LOCAL SOURCES	
Property taxes	\$ 10,600,320
Tuition	450
Other local revenue	260,724
Athletics	83,653
TOTAL LOCAL SOURCES	10,945,147
STATE SOURCES	
Foundation grant	13,271,978
Special education	1,812,143
Other state revenue	13,355,960
TOTAL STATE SOURCES	28,440,081
FEDERAL SOURCES	
Title I	466,965
Title II	73,714
Title III	42,774
ESSER II	1,236,505
ESSER III Formula	903,124
ESSER III - 11t	550,185
23b(2)(a) ESSER II - Summer Programming	474,100
23b(2)(b) ESSER II - Credit Recovery	58,300
23c GEER II	82,000
Other federal revenue	222,889
TOTAL FEDERAL SOURCES	4,110,556
INCOMING TRANSFERS AND OTHER TRANSACTIONS	F 242 (42
Special education	5,212,613
Other	74,290
TOTAL INCOMING TRANSFERS AND	
OTHER TRANSACTIONS	5,286,903
	,
TOTAL REVENUES	48,782,687
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	24,760
·····	
TOTAL REVENUES AND	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	\$ 48,807,447
	φ 10,007,147

INSTRUCTION		
Basic programs		
Elementary	¢	F 4F1 000
Salaries	\$	5,451,909
Benefits		3,704,251
Purchased services		48,429
Supplies and materials		129,423
Capital outlay		4,040
Other expenses		629,753
Total elementary		9,967,805
Middle school		
Salaries		2,449,382
Benefits		1,746,248
Purchased services		36,906
Supplies and materials		197,185
Capital outlay		14,757
Other expenses		148,963
Total middle school		4,593,441
High school		
Salaries		3,376,783
Benefits		2,316,372
Purchased services		280,895
Supplies and materials		99,377
Capital outlay		69,703
Other expenses		347,543
Total high school		6,490,673
Pre-school		
Salaries		168,547
Benefits		131,543
Supplies and materials		3,893
Capital outlay		323
Other expenses		2,626
Total pre-school		306,932
Summer school		
Salaries		305,029
Benefits		131,413
Supplies and materials		12,643
Other expenses		16,500
Total summer school		465,585
Total basic programs		21,824,436

INSTRUCTION (continued) Added needs		
Special education		
Salaries	\$	2,182,635
Benefits	Ψ	1,748,321
Purchased services		35,811
Supplies and materials		15,540
Capital outlay		2,421
Other expenses		897,654
other expenses		097,034
Total special education		4,882,382
Compensatory education		
Salaries		939,959
Benefits		771,933
Purchased services		33,735
Supplies and materials		2,125
Other expenses		797
Total compensatory education		1,748,549
Total added needs		6,630,931
TOTAL INSTRUCTION		28,455,367
SUPPORTING SERVICES		
Pupil services		
Salaries		1,842,376
Benefits		1,293,569
Purchased services		1,612
Supplies and materials		10,129
Capital outlay		238
Other expenses		414,967
Total pupil services		3,562,891

SUPPORTING SERVICES (continued) Instructional staff services	
Salaries	\$ 1,494,892
Benefits	1,055,878
Purchased services	158,389
Supplies and materials	193,586
Capital outlay	8,570
Other expenses	90,508
other expenses	90,308
Total instructional staff services	3,001,823
General administration	
Salaries	215,732
Benefits	152,225
Purchased services	78,825
Supplies and materials	8,502
Capital outlay	1,058
Other expenses	7,596
Total general administration	463,938
School administration	
Salaries	1,611,265
Benefits	1,105,491
Purchased services	29,026
Supplies and materials	23,336
Capital outlay	886
Other expenses	9,307
Total school administration	2,779,311
Business services	
Salaries	275,319
Benefits	193,492
Purchased services	43,708
Supplies and materials	11,705
Other expenses	16,794
Total business services	541,018

SUPPORTING SERVICES (continued)	
Operations and maintenance Salaries \$	200 (50
Benefits	389,658 268,519
Purchased services	1,945,526
Supplies and materials	1,584,929
* *	
Capital outlay	84,073
Other expenses	2,045
Total operations and maintenance	4,274,750
Transportation	
Purchased services	23,947
Supplies and materials	74,436
Other expenses	1,459,325
Total transportation	1,557,708
Central services	
Salaries	364,937
Benefits	267,348
Purchased services	274,572
Supplies and materials	7,485
Capital outlay	29,837
Other expenses	23,948
Total central services	968,127
Athletics	
Salaries	397,480
Benefits	237,847
Purchased services	85,502
Supplies and materials	90,325
Capital outlay	5,277
Other expenses	12,088
Total athletics	828,519
TOTAL SUPPORTING SERVICES	17,978,085

COMMUNITY SERVICES	
Salaries	\$ 1,394
Benefits	929
Purchased services	8,689
Supplies and materials	 1,587
TOTAL COMMUNITY SERVICES	 12,599
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 46,446,051

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES JUNE 30, 2022

		Special Revenue		Debt Service		Capital Projects]	Total Nonmajor Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,243,478	\$	752,375	\$	673,596	\$	2,669,449
Taxes receivable	φ	1,243,470	Ψ	8,160	φ		φ	2,009,449 8,160
Intergovernmental		22,751		-		-		22,751
Prepaids		86,475		1,208		-		87,683
Inventories		98,315		-		-		98,315
		1 451 010	¢	5(1 542		(72 50)	<i>.</i>	2006250
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,451,019	\$	761,743	\$	673,596	\$	2,886,358
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	173,553	\$	-	\$	673,596	\$	847,149
Due to other funds		-		1,500		-		1,500
Unearned revenue		56,202		-		-		56,202
TOTAL LIABILITIES		229,755		1,500		673,596		904,851
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable								
Prepaids		86,475		1,208		-		87,683
Inventories		98,315		-		-		98,315
Restricted for:								
Debt service		-		759,035		-		759,035
Food service		561,542		-		-		561,542
Committed		474,932		-		-		474,932
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		1,221,264		760,243				1,981,507
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND								
FUND BALANCES	\$	1,451,019	\$	761,743	\$	673,596	\$	2,886,358

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Funds
REVENUES				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$-	\$ 8,977,667	\$ 2,832	\$ 8,980,499
Investment earnings	-	3,764	-	3,764
Food sales	24,446	-	-	24,446
Student/school activities	386,625			386,625
Total local sources	411,071	8,981,431	2,832	9,395,334
State sources	49,629	-	-	49,629
Federal sources	1,985,616			1,985,616
TOTAL REVENUES	2,446,316	8,981,431	2,832	11,430,579
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Food service activities	1,793,626	-	-	1,793,626
Student/school activities	313,201	-	-	313,201
Capital outlay	260,555	-	1,443,099	1,703,654
Debt service		4 000 000		
Principal repayment	-	4,030,000	-	4,030,000
Interest expense	-	4,760,150	-	4,760,150
Other costs		1,697		1,697
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,367,382	8,791,847	1,443,099	12,602,328
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	78,934	189,584	(1,440,267)	(1,171,749)
				(_,_: _,: _,: _,:
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	78,934	189,584	(1,440,267)	(1,171,749)
FUND BALANCES				
Beginning of year	1,142,330	570,659	1,440,267	3,153,256
End of year	\$ 1,221,264	\$ 760,243	\$-	\$ 1,981,507

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2022

	Foo	od Service	Student/School Activities		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Intergovernmental Prepaids Inventories	\$	741,426 22,751 86,475 98,315	\$	502,052 - - -	\$	1,243,478 22,751 86,475 98,315
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	948,967	\$	502,052	\$	1,451,019
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable Unearned revenue	\$	146,433 56,202	\$	27,120	\$	173,553 56,202
TOTAL LIABILITIES		202,635		27,120		229,755
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable						
Prepaid expenditures		86,475		-		86,475
Inventories		98,315		-		98,315
Restricted		561,542		-		561,542
Committed		-		474,932		474,932
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		746,332		474,932		1,221,264
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND						
FUND BALANCES	\$	948,967	\$	502,052	\$	1,451,019

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Food Service	Student/School Activities	Total Nonmajor Special
REVENUES Sales	\$ 24,446	\$ -	\$ 24,446
State sources	\$	ф -	\$
Federal sources	1,985,616		1,985,616
Student/school activities		386,625	386,625
Studenty school activities		500,025	500,025
TOTAL REVENUES	2,059,691	386,625	2,446,316
EXPENDITURES			
Salaries	49,866	-	49,866
Benefits	26,348	-	26,348
Purchased services	150,660	-	150,660
Supplies and materials	1,047,139	-	1,047,139
Capital outlay	260,555	-	260,555
Other expenses	519,613	313,201	832,814
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,054,181	313,201	2,367,382
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	5,510	73,424	78,934
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	5,510	73,424	78,934
FUND BALANCES			
Beginning of year	740,822	401,508	1,142,330
End of year	\$ 746,332	\$ 474,932	\$ 1,221,264

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2022

	R	2015 efunding	2	017 Debt	2()20 Debt	ll Nonmajor bt Service
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Prepaids	\$	328,743 375	\$	349,161 500	\$	74,471 333	\$ 752,375 1,208
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	332,598	\$	353,429	\$	75,716	\$ 761,743
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Due to other funds	\$	500	\$	500	\$	500	\$ 1,500
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Prepaids Restricted for debt service		375 331,723		500 352,429		333 74,883	 1,208 759,035
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		332,098		352,929		75,216	 760,243
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	332,598	\$	353,429	\$	75,716	\$ 761,743

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	2015			Total Nonmajor
	Refunding	2017 Debt	2020 Debt	Debt Service
REVENUES				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$ 3,828,782	\$ 4,145,227	\$ 1,003,658	\$ 8,977,667
Investment earnings	1,608	1,881	275	3,764
TOTAL REVENUES	3,830,390	4,147,108	1,003,933	8,981,431
EXPENDITURES				
Principal repayment	2,600,000	1,430,000	-	4,030,000
Interest expense	1,142,000	2,609,050	1,009,100	4,760,150
Other costs	572	572	553	1,697
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,742,572	4,039,622	1,009,653	8,791,847
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	87,818	107,486	(5,720)	189,584
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	87,818	107,486	(5,720)	189,584
FUND BALANCES				
Beginning of year	244,280	245,443	80,936	570,659
End of year	\$ 332,098	\$ 352,929	\$ 75,216	\$ 760,243

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2022

	Sin	king Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	673,596
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	673,596

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		12 Capital jects Fund	Sin	iking Fund	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects		
REVENUE							
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	2,832	\$	2,832	
EXPENDITURES							
Capital outlay		146,652		1,296,447		1,443,099	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(146,652)		(1,293,615)		(1,440,267)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(146,652)		(1,293,615)		(1,440,267)	
FUND BALANCES							
Beginning of year		146,652		1,293,615		1,440,267	
Endofwar	¢		¢		¢		
End of year	Þ		\$	-	\$	-	

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING COMBINED DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	2015 Refunding Debt	2017 Debt	2020 Debt	Combined
2023	\$ 3,632,000	\$ 4,126,850	\$ 1,354,100	\$ 9,112,950
2024	3,486,000	4,278,850	1,645,300	9,410,150
2025	3,340,750	4,417,250	1,884,300	9,642,300
2026	3,171,250	4,537,250	1,912,700	9,621,200
2027	2,998,750	4,699,250	1,893,500	9,591,500
2028	2,873,500	4,616,250	1,853,500	9,343,250
2029	2,703,250	4,828,000	1,813,500	9,344,750
2030	2,525,250	4,688,000	1,763,500	8,976,750
2031	-	4,648,000	1,713,500	6,361,500
2032	-	4,503,000	1,663,500	6,166,500
2033	-	4,358,000	1,613,500	5,971,500
2034	-	4,213,000	1,563,500	5,776,500
2035	-	4,088,000	1,523,500	5,611,500
2036	-	3,942,000	1,473,000	5,415,000
2037	-	3,796,000	1,432,500	5,228,500
2038	-	3,650,000	1,381,500	5,031,500
2039	-	3,504,000	1,330,500	4,834,500
2040	-	3,358,000	1,289,500	4,647,500
2041	-	3,212,000	1,238,000	4,450,000
2042	-	3,066,000	1,196,500	4,262,500
2043	-	-	1,149,500	1,149,500
2044			1,097,250	1,097,250
	\$ 24,730,750	\$ 82,529,700	\$ 33,786,150	\$ 141,046,600

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING SCHEDULE OF BONDED DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS 2015 REFUNDING DEBT SERIES JUNE 30, 2022

2015 Debt Series

		Intere		
Fiscal	Principal Due			Total Due
Year	May 1	November 1	May 1	Annually
2023	\$ 2,620,000	\$ 506,000	\$ 506,000	\$ 3,632,000
2024	2,605,000	440,500	440,500	3,486,000
2025	2,590,000	375,375	375,375	3,340,750
2026	2,550,000	310,625	310,625	3,171,250
2027	2,505,000	246,875	246,875	2,998,750
2028	2,505,000	184,250	184,250	2,873,500
2029	2,460,000	121,625	121,625	2,703,250
2030	2,405,000	60,125	60,125	2,525,250
Total 2015 bonded debt	\$ 20,240,000	\$ 2,245,375	\$ 2,245,375	\$ 24,730,750

The amount of the original bond issue was \$37,810,000.

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING SCHEDULE OF BONDED DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS 2017 DEBT SERIES JUNE 30, 2022

2017 Debt Series		Interest Due				
Fiscal Year	Principal Due May 1	November 1 May 1		Total Due Annually		
2023	\$ 1,575,000	\$ 1,275,925	\$ 1,275,925	\$ 4,126,850		
2024	1,790,000	1,244,425	1,244,425	4,278,850		
2025	2,000,000	1,208,625	1,208,625	4,417,250		
2026	2,200,000	1,168,625	1,168,625	4,537,250		
2027	2,450,000	1,124,625	1,124,625	4,699,250		
2028	2,465,000	1,075,625	1,075,625	4,616,250		
2029	2,800,000	1,014,000	1,014,000	4,828,000		
2030	2,800,000	944,000	944,000	4,688,000		
2031	2,900,000	874,000	874,000	4,648,000		
2032	2,900,000	801,500	801,500	4,503,000		
2033	2,900,000	729,000	729,000	4,358,000		
2034	2,900,000	656,500	656,500	4,213,000		
2035	2,920,000	584,000	584,000	4,088,000		
2036	2,920,000	511,000	511,000	3,942,000		
2037	2,920,000	438,000	438,000	3,796,000		
2038	2,920,000	365,000	365,000	3,650,000		
2039	2,920,000	292,000	292,000	3,504,000		
2040	2,920,000	219,000	219,000	3,358,000		
2041	2,920,000	146,000	146,000	3,212,000		
2042	2,920,000	73,000	73,000	3,066,000		
Total 2017 bonded debt	\$ 53,040,000	\$ 14,744,850	\$ 14,744,850	\$ 82,529,700		

2017 Debt Series

The amount of the original bond issue was \$57,960,000.

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING SCHEDULE OF BONDED DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS 2020 DEBT SERIES JUNE 30, 2022

		Intere			
Fiscal	Principal Due			Total Due	
Year	May 1	November 1	May 1	Annually	
2023	\$ 345,000	\$ 504,550	\$ 504,550	\$ 1,354,100	
2024	650,000	497,650	497,650	1,645,300	
2025	915,000	484,650	484,650	1,884,300	
2026	980,000	466,350	466,350	1,912,700	
2027	1,000,000	446,750	446,750	1,893,500	
2028	1,000,000	426,750	426,750	1,853,500	
2029	1,000,000	406,750	406,750	1,813,500	
2030	1,000,000	381,750	381,750	1,763,500	
2031	1,000,000	356,750	356,750	1,713,500	
2032	1,000,000	331,750	331,750	1,663,500	
2033	1,000,000	306,750	306,750	1,613,500	
2034	1,000,000	281,750	281,750	1,563,500	
2035	1,010,000	256,750	256,750	1,523,500	
2036	1,010,000	231,500	231,500	1,473,000	
2037	1,020,000	206,250	206,250	1,432,500	
2038	1,020,000	180,750	180,750	1,381,500	
2039	1,020,000	155,250	155,250	1,330,500	
2040	1,030,000	129,750	129,750	1,289,500	
2041	1,030,000	104,000	104,000	1,238,000	
2042	1,040,000	78,250	78,250	1,196,500	
2043	1,045,000	52,250	52,250	1,149,500	
2044	1,045,000	26,125	26,125	1,097,250	
Total 2020 bonded debt	\$ 21,160,000	\$ 6,313,075	\$ 6,313,075	\$ 33,786,150	

2020 Debt Series

The amount of the original bond issue was \$21,160,000.

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - SINKING FUNDS DETAIL OF EXPENDITURES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

SINKING FUND EXPENDITURES	
Donley Elementary	\$ 6,405
Glencairn Elementary	5,730
Marble Elementary	7,129
Robert L. Green Elementary	12,300
Red Cedar Elementary	2,151
Whitehills Elementary	4,050
MacDonald Middle School	33,815
East Lansing High School	1,224,867
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 1,296,447
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 1,296,447
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 2019 SINKING FUND EXPENDITURES	\$ 1,296,447
	<u>\$ 1,296,447</u> \$ 345
2019 SINKING FUND EXPENDITURES	
2019 SINKING FUND EXPENDITURES Glencairn Elementary	\$ 345
2019 SINKING FUND EXPENDITURES Glencairn Elementary MacDonald Middle School	\$
2019 SINKING FUND EXPENDITURES Glencairn Elementary MacDonald Middle School East Lansing High School	\$ 345 29,020 631,190
2019 SINKING FUND EXPENDITURES Glencairn Elementary MacDonald Middle School East Lansing High School	\$ 345 29,020 631,190

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING 2012 CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND DETAIL OF EXPENDITURES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

EXPENDITURES MacDonald Middle School East Lansing High School	\$ 79,130 67,522
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 146,652

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING 2020 CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND DETAIL OF EXPENDITURES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

EXPENDITURES	
Donley Elementary	\$ 2,343,485
Glencairn Elementary	388,601
Marble Elementary	2,185,441
Robert L. Green Elementary	433,374
Red Cedar Elementary	929,334
Whitehills Elementary	726,527
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 7,006,762

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND NET POSITION BY SCHOOL - CUSTODIAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Net 7	Position //1/21	Additions		Additions Deductions		Net Position 6/30/22	
East Lansing High School	\$	48,209	\$	_	\$	_	\$	48,209

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal ALN Number	Pass- through Grantor's Number	Approved Grant Award Amount	Accrued (unearned) Revenue 7/1/2021	(Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures	Adjustments	Current Year Expenditures	Current Year Cash Receipts	Accrued (unearned) Revenue 6/30/2022
<u>U.S. Department of Agriculture</u> Passed through Michigan Department of Education Child Nutrition Cluster Non-cash assistance (donated foods) National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	\$ 96,978	<u>\$ </u>	\$	\$	\$ 96,978	\$ 96,978	\$
Cash Assistance COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	10.555	211961 221961 220910	176,331 1,136,114 79,966 1,392,411	- - 	- - - -		176,331 1,136,114 	176,331 1,136,114 79,966 1,392,411	- -
Total ALN 10.555 COVID-19 - School Breakfast Program	10.553	211971	<u>1,489,389</u> 58,824				<u>1,489,389</u> 58,824	<u>1,489,389</u> 58,824	
COVID-19 - School Breakfast Program Total ALN 10.553		221971	360,943 419,767				360,943 419,767	360,943 419,767	
COVID-19 - Extended Summer Food Service Program Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.559	210904	138,750 2,144,884	62,290 62,290			76,460 2,082,594	131,152 2,137,286	7,598 7,598
COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Local Cost Levels Total Cash Assistance	10.649	210980	3,063	62,290			3,063	3,063	7,598
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			2,050,969	62,290			1,988,679	2,043,371	7,598

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal ALN Number	Pass- through Grantor's Number	Approved Grant Award Amount	Accrued (unearned) Revenue 7/1/2021	(Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures	Adjustments	Current Year Expenditures	Current Year Cash Receipts	Accrued (unearned) Revenue 6/30/2022
<u>U.S. Department of Education</u> Passed through Michigan Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	211530-2021 221530-2122	\$ 442,758 494,869	\$ 110,020	\$ 336,943	\$	\$ - 466,965	\$ 110,020 328,743	\$ - 138,222
Total ALN 84.010			937,627	110,020	336,943		466,965	438,763	138,222
English Language Acquisition State Grants English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	210580-2021 220580-2122	48,901 45,552	11,157	41,871	-	42,774	11,157 41,214	- 1,560
Total ALN 84.365			94,453	11,157	41,871	-	42,774	52,371	1,560
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	210520-2021 220520-2122	133,081 79,829	30,315	132,227	-	- 73,714	30,315 52,017	- 21,697
Total ALN 84.367			212,910	30,315	132,227	-	73,714	82,332	21,697
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	210750-2021 220750-2122	45,204 28,608	14,780	45,204	-	28,608	14,780 20,349	- 8,259
Total ALN 84.424			73,812	14,780	45,204		28,608	35,129	8,259
Education Stabilization Fund COVID-19 Governor's Emergency Education		04000 0400							
Relief Fund (GEER II) COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School	84.425C	21202-2122	82,000	-	-	-	82,000	82,000	-
Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER I Formula Funds) Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER II Formula Funds) Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER II Summer Programming) Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER II Credit Recovery)	84.425D	203710-1920 213712-2021 213722-2122 213742-2122	335,043 1,236,505 474,100 58,300	2,793 - -	334,878 - - -	- - -	- 1,236,505 474,100 58,300	2,793 1,118,333 474,100 58,300	- 118,172 - -
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER III) Emergency Relief Fund (Section 11t)	84.425U	213713-2122 213723-2122	2,778,990 1,256,902	-		-	903,124 550,185	481,122	422,002 550,185
Total ALN 84.425			6,221,840	2,793	334,878		3,304,214	2,216,648	1,090,359
Total passed through Michigan Department of Education			7,540,642	169,065	891,123		3,916,275	2,825,243	1,260,097

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal ALN Number	Pass- through Grantor's Number	Approved Grant Award Amount	Accrued (unearned) Revenue 7/1/2021	(Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures	Adjustments	Current Year Expenditures	Current Year Cash Receipts	Accrued (unearned) Revenue 6/30/2022
U.S. Department of Education									
Passed through Ingham County Intermediate School District Special Education Cluster									
Special Education Flowthrough Grants	84.027	200450-1920	\$ 21,241	\$ 21,241	\$ 21,241	\$-	\$-	\$ 21,241	\$-
Special Education Flowthrough Grants		210450-2021	2,323			-	2,323		2,323
Total ALN 84.027			23,564	21,241	21,241		2,323	21,241	2,323
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	210460-2021	28,510	28,510	28,510	-	-	28,510	-
Special Education Preschool Grants		220460-2122	28,961			-	28,961		28,961
Total ALN 84.173			57,471	28,510	28,510		28,961	28,510	28,961
Total Special Education Cluster			81,035	49,751	49,751		31,284	49,751	31,284
Total U.S. Department of Education			7,621,677	218,816	940,874		3,947,559	2,874,994	1,291,381
<u>U.S. Department of Health and Human Services</u> Passed through Ingham Intermediate School District Medicaid Cluster									
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	N/A	29,465				29,465	29,465	
COVID - 19 Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases	93.323	N/A	110,389				110,389	59,435	50,954
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			139,854				139,854	88,900	50,954
<u>U.S. Department of Transportation</u> Passed through Michigan Fitness Foundation Highway Research and Development Program	20.200	N/A	49,553	6,425			20,080	20,372	6,133
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 9,862,053	\$ 287,531	\$ 940,874	\$-	\$ 6,096,172	\$ 5,027,637	\$ 1,356,066

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the School District of the City of East Lansing under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District of the City of East Lansing it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the School District of the City of East Lansing.

The District qualifies for low-risk auditee status. Management has utilized the Nexsys cash management system and the Grant Auditor Report in preparing the schedule of expenditures of federal awards. The District does not pass-through federal funds.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are now allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts (if any) shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available. The School District of the City of East Lansing has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 3 - RECONCILIATION WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Reconciliation of federal revenues reported on the financial statements with expenditures per the schedule of expenditures of federal awards:

General fund	\$ 4,110,556
Other nonmajor governmental funds	1,985,616
Total federal revenue in the fund financial statements	\$ 6,096,172



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Education of the School District of the City of East Lansing

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of School District of the City of East Lansing, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise School District of the City of East Lansing's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 15, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered School District of the City of East Lansing's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of School District of the City of East Lansing's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of School District of School District of the City of East Lansing's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether School District of the City of East Lansing's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Many Costerinan PC

September 15, 2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education of the School District of the City of East Lansing

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited School District of the City of East Lansing's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of School District of the City of East Lansing's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. School District of the City of East Lansing's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, School District of the City of East Lansing complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of School District of the City of East Lansing and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of School District of the City of East Lansing's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to School District of the City of East Lansing's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on School District of the City of East Lansing's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about School District of the City of East Lansing's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- > Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding School District of the City of East Lansing's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of School District of the City of East Lansing's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of School District of the City of East Lansing's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

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September 15, 2022

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued based on financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles:	Unmodif	ied				
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified ?	Yes	Х	No			
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es) ?	Yes	None reported				
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	Х	No			
Federal Awards						
Internal control over major programs:						
Material weakness(es) identified:	Yes	Х	No			
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es) ?	Yes	None reported				
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodif	ïed				
Any audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with Title 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?	Yes	X	No			
Identification of major programs:						
ALN Number(s)	Name of Fe	deral Pr	ogram or Cluster			
84.425	Education Stabilization Fund					
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$ 7	50,000				
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X Yes		No			
Section II - Financial Statement Findings						
None noted						
Section III - Federal Award Findings and Question Costs						

None noted

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF EAST LANSING SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

There were no prior year audit findings disclosed.



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September 15, 2022

To the Board of Education of the School District of the City of East Lansing

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the School District of the City of East Lansing as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the School District of the City of East Lansing's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, during our audit, we noted certain matters involving the internal control and other operational matters that are presented for your consideration. This letter does not affect our report dated September 15, 2022 on the financial statements of the School District of the City of East Lansing. We will review the status of this comment during our next audit engagement. Our comment and recommendations, which has been discussed with appropriate members of management, is intended to improve the internal control or result in other operating efficiencies. We will be pleased to discuss this comment in further detail at your convenience, perform any additional study of this matter, or assist you in implementing the recommendation. Our comment is summarized as follows:

CURRENT YEAR COMMENTS

Food Service Fund Balance

Per Michigan Department of Education (MDE) guidelines, school food authorities (SFA) must operate food services on a nonprofit basis. We noted that the food service fund balance exceeded the three months' operating expenditures allowed. MDE requires that the SFA spend down the excess by the end of the next school year. We recommend that East Lansing Public Schools develop a plan to spend down the excess by June 30, 2023.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, and others within the District, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We appreciate the cooperation we received from your staff during our engagement and the opportunity to be of service.

Very truly yours,

Maney Costerisan PC



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September 15, 2022

To the Board of Education of the School District of the City of East Lansing

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District of the City of East Lansing for the year ended June 30, 2022. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards* and OMB's Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Matters

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by the School District of the City of East Lansing are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. During the 2022 fiscal year, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standard No. 87, *Leases.* The application of existing policies was not changed during fiscal year 2022. We noted no transactions entered into by the District during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were:

Estimates have been used to calculate the net pension liability and the net other postemployment benefit liability. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the balance of the net pension liability and net other postemployment benefit liability in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's estimate in calculating the liability for employee compensated absences. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the balance of employee compensated absences in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's determination of the estimated life span of the capital assets. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used by management to develop the estimated life span of the capital assets in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole. In addition, certain amounts included in capital assets have been estimated based on an outside appraisal company.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. We did not identify any sensitive disclosures.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated September 15, 2022.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the District's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the District's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information (RSI) which are required and supplement the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the other supplementary information, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this other supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the other supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of Education and management of School District of the City of East Lansing and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

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